Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics 1996, page 225

Table 3.33

Estimated percent distribution of reasons for reporting personal and property victimizations to police

By type of crime, United States, 1994^a

Reasons for reporting to police	Personal crimes				Property crimes			
		Crimes of violence				Household	Motor	
	Total	Total	Robbery	Assault	Total	burglary	vehicle theft	Theft ^b
Number of reasons for reporting victimizations ^c	3,456,880	3,333,950	714,740	2,530,280	10,216,600	2,943,880	1,309,260	5,963,460
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Stop or prevent this incident	14.5	14.9	8.4	16.5	4.5	6.0	3.9	3.9
Needed help due to injury	2.1	2.2	1.8 ^d	2.3	0.1 ^d	0.2 ^d	0.0 ^d	0.1 ^d
To recover property	5.0	3.9	15.0	0.9	22.4	18.6	33.1	21.8
To collect insurance	0.3 ^d	0.3 ^d	0.6 ^d	0.2 ^d	6.4	4.5	8.3	7.0
To prevent further crimes by offender								
against victim	17.1	17.8	9.9	20.1	7.5	10.6	6.3	6.2
To prevent crime by offender against anyone	8.7	9.0	8.4	9.0	4.6	4.5	3.7	4.8
To punish offender	7.3	7.4	7.4	7.4	3.5	4.6	3.4	3.0
To catch or find offender	5.6	5.7	12.2	4.1	5.7	7.2	5.1	5.0
To improve police surveillance	2.0	2.1	3.2	1.8	5.8	7.9	5.0	4.8
Duty to notify police	5.2	5.1	5.7	5.0	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.4
Because it was a crime	23.9	23.2	22.2	23.0	28.7	26.3	23.9	30.9
Some other reason	7.1	7.2	3.8	8.5	4.5	3.3	1.6 ^d	5.7
Not available	1.2	1.3	1.3 ^d	1.2	1.1	0.9	0.7 ^d	1.3

Note: See Note, table 3.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 9.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States*, *1994*, NCJ-162126 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 1997), Table 101. Table adapted by

^dEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding. ^bIncludes crimes previously classified as "personal larceny without contact" and "household larceny."

^cSome respondents may have cited more than one reason for reporting victimizations to the police.